

KNIGHT'S LANDING, YOLO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1861. VOL. IV.

NO. 14.

THE Anight's Landing News. S. W. RAVELEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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DISTRICT COURT-Hon B. F. MYERS, Judge-

3rd Monday in March; 2nd Monday in August, and 3rd Monday in December. County Gourt—Hon. Isaac Davis, Judge— 1st Monday in January. 3d Monday in May, and 1st Monday in September.

Court of Sessions-Hou. Isaac Davis, Judge; 1st Monday in April; 1st Monday in July, and Ist Monday in December. Probate Court-Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, Judge-

2nd Monday in January; 2nd Monday in March; 4th Monday in May; 2nd Monday in July; 2nd Monday in September, and 4th in November.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS-1st Monday in February; 1st Monday in May; 1st Monday in August, and 1st Monday in November.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. LAFAVETTE PICKETT, Physician and Surgeon,

Knight's Landing, Yolo County, Cal

DR. S. F. RODOLPH,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office at the Drug Store,

North-east corner of Union Hotel. Knight's Landing, March 9, 1861.

L. R. HOPKINS,

Attorney and Counselor at Law, Cacheville, Yolo Co.; Cal. Office in Baskett's Building.

[From the California Express.]

The President's Message.

The message of President Lincoln to Congress, which met in special session on the 4th instant, has been before the public for several days, and has doubtless been perused with interest by every citizen. The momentous question the President was called on to discuss, rendered his message an object of the most intense interest, not only to the people of the United States, but to the world at large. It will be read in England and France, and indeed, in all European countries, with great avidity. Taking all this into consideration, it was hoped, that whatever might be its defects in other respects, it would at least be written in such style and perspicuity as would make it respectable as a state pa-per, such as would be respected abroad as well as at home. We venture to say that no intelligent man, be he Democrat or Republican, has arisen from a perusal of it with any other feelings than those of disappointment, shame and mortification. It is wholly destitute of merit as a state paper and will compare most unfavorably with any message that ever ema-nated from the White House. It is full of bad grammar, ill chosen words, bad logic, bad rhetoric, and worst of all, it is an attempted perversion of history and facts, which if acted upon, would change the whole theory of our Government. It is very clear that our Chief Magistrate is neither a scholar nor a statesman, but a man of narrow mind, contracted views, and limited information. His partizans, the men who are responsible for his elevation to the Presidency, are making great exertions to convice themselves and the world that he is a great man. They extol all his acts, and claim for his message, superior merit. But their efforts cannot avail. The material is wanting and cannot be supplied by fulsome adulation. The telegraph graciously informed us that the President took up the doctrine of State Rights in his message, and utterly demolished it, and since it has been read in full, the friends of the Administration declare it is splendid, magnificent. We were curious to see

how the President had contrived to extinguish Jefferson, Madison, and all the great lights of early days, and we confess, after reading the President's argument, we were forcibly reminded of the remark of the passenger who witnessed the result of the contest between the little bull and the locomotive. We admire the President's courage, but his judgment was certainly very much at fault when he supposed he could by a single stroke of the pen wipe out the theories of the framers of the Constitution.

that the Government made the States. Nay more, we are told that no State had an existence outside of the Union. "Not one of them," says the President, " had a Constitution independent of the Union." Well, this caps the climax. We know not from whence the President obtained his information-perhaps from some Re. publican text book which must necessarily be full of error. What he states as facts are certainly not sustained by the history of the country. The Declaration of Independence was made on the 4th of July, 1776, and we presume no one will contend that "the Union" existed at that time. It is true the Colonies united together for purposes of defense but no further. This was done merely by agreement and not by any constitutional compact. The Articles of Confederation were not entered into until the 9th day of July, 1778, two years after the States declared their independence. Mark you, President Lincoln produces as evidence, that no State had an existence outside of the Federal Union, that not one of them had a constitution independent of the Union. By referring to history we find that New Hampshire formed a constitution January 5th, 1776; New York, April 20th, 1777; New Jersey, July 2d, 1776; Pennsylvania, Sept. 28th, 1776; Maryland, August 14th, 1776 ; Virginia, July 5th, 1776; North Carolina, Dec. 18th, 1776; South Carolina, March 26th, 1776; and Georgia, February 5th, 1776. Rhode Island and Connecticut were content with the charters obtained from Enand Rhode Island in 1842. These charters of course became their constitutions from the very moment they severed their they not free and independent States? connection with the Northern country. with one or two exceptions formed constitutions in 1776, some before and some after the Declaration of Independence; from them in precisely the same manner entered into in July, 1778. What then not one of them had a State Constitution States. They became such when they independent of the Union?

sessed of any sovereignty. He says :

Tested by this, no one of our States except Texas, ever was a sovereignty; and even ment as an agent to perform certain acts Texas gave up the character on coming into the Union by which she acknowledged the Constitution of the United States and the l ws and treaties of the United States, made in the supreme law of the land. The States have their status in the Union, and they have President Lincoln opens his message no other legal status. If they reak from this o so against law and by revolution. The Union, and not themselves sep 1rately, procured their independence and their United States. It will not be pretended liberty by conquest or purchase; the Unior gave each of them whatever independence or liberty it had. The Union is older than any of the States, and in fact it created them as threw off their old dependence for them, and made them States such as they are. Notone of them ever had a State Constitution, independent of the Union. "Some dependent colonies made the first Union !" Upon these premises is ercised as their agent. based the whole of the President's reasoning, for if he admits that they were independent, of course his theory must fall. It establishes the sovereign character of each, and places the Federal Government in the position he assigns to the States. It makes the States the Creator of the true, are dependent, but when they be-Government instead of the Union maker of the States. Very well, let us examine into this a little. We take it for granted that nobody will contend that there was a Federal Union with sovereign powers We also conclude that the framers and signers of that instrument understood the condition of the States quite as well as Mr. Lincoln does. In that Declaration they used the following language. They solemly publish and declare: "That these United Colonies are and of right ought to be, free and independent States; that they are absolved from all allegiance connexion between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be totally dissolved, and that as FREE AND IN-DEPENDENT STATES, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alother acts and things which INDEPEN-Mark the language throughout. This declaration was signed by the representatives of each State separately, and for their State, and it expressly declares in the most emphatic language that they were free and independent States. They were not dependent colonies then, as Mr. Lincoln would have us believe. But the President insists that they obtained their The President's demolition of State independence as one conglomerate mass, and not as States separately. We might be content with mentioning the fact that the States formed the Government and in recognizing their independence Great the former by the ear, the latter by the gave to it all the powers it possesses, is Britain did not refer to them under one tongue."

wholly denied, and the doctrine advanced general head as the United States, but recognized the independence of each separately and by name. But let us see how this matter was regarded by the States themselves. We will refer to the Articles of Confederation. The following is the heading of the original copy of these Articles in the Department of State at Washington : "Articles of Confederation and Perpetual Union between the States of New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, Connecticut, New York, New Jer-sey, Peunsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia." Throughout these articles this distinctiveness is preserved, and they were signed by their delegates sepa-rately, "on the part and in behalf" of their States respectively. Now, we put this question: How could these States form a common Government or Union when they themselves belonged to the Union? How could they become parties to so high and important a contract when they were not competent to con-tract? The Constitution of the United States was adopted on the 17th of September, 1787. A clause in that instrument provided that the "ratification of the Conventions of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so rati-fying the same." This Constitution was ratified by Delaware, Pennsylvania and New Jersey in 1787, and by all the others, except North Carolina and Rhode Island, in 1788, and the new Government went into operation. Now, we desire to gland in 1662, and did not change them know in what position North Carolina until a recent period. Connecticut and Rhode Island stood. They were not changed hers for the first time in 1818, a part of the new Government, and hence were not bound by it in the slightest degree. The question then arises, were Most certainly they were, and they were The reader will observe that all the States so regarded and treated by the United States, for laws were passed by Congress levying duties on tonnage and imports whereas, the first articles of Union were as other foreign nations. The simple fact of their refusing to ratify the Constibecomes of the President's assertion, that tution did not make them sovereign achieved their independendence of Great Because of this assumed dependence Britain, and were not dispossessed of it of the States on the Federal Government, the President denies that they are pos-powers conferred upon the Government. It is very clear that the States never in-Would it be far wrong to define it a politi-cal community, without a political superior? when they established a Federal Governfor the States.

North Carolina did not ratify the Constitution until the 21st of November, pursuance of the Constitution, to be for her 1789, nor did Rhode Island until May 29th, 1790. Suppose they had not done so up the present hour would they not ave continued to be free and inde dent States and foreign nations to the we presume that it was their refusal to adopt the Constitution that made them so. They had never parted with their States originally. Some dependent colonies sovereignty since they had acquired it made the first Union, and in turn the Union | from the mother country, nor had any of the States. The Federal Union, therefore, was formed by sovereign States, and a Federal Government was established The President alludes to the fact that new States are formed from dependent in favor of one of that much persecuted colonies. He uses this fact as an argument to prove that the original thirteen States were also dependencies. Nothing can be more falacious. The territories, it is come States they are admitted as equals by agreement among the original parties. Had they chosen they could have incorporated a clause in the Constitution forbidding it, but they chose to admit them prior to the Declaration of Independence. as equals in all respects. The President was effectually "dried up" by the antistruggles hard to make the Government appear to be what he would like to have it, rather than what it really is and was could raise a man for myself, and I'm nae intended to be. There are other important points in the message which we propose to discuss, but our remarks are already so extended that we must defer further comment until another day. The Gazette of Cambray (France) gives an amusing account of a party of intoxicated hares. Fifteen of these creatures are said to hove entered the garden attached to a distillery, in the neighborhood of Lille, and having eaten the bark the hoops, or some other substance saturated with alcohol, performed exceedingly fantastic tricks, leaping, tumbling, and screaming in the most extraordinary manner. The workmen who were witnesses New York, the other day, bets were im-of the scene, broke out into peals of mediadiately offered and taken as to his laughter, but nothing frighted the hares who had their grog aboard, and were full of Dutch courage; the whole of them were subsequently made prisoners, and will, no doubt, furnish a good repast for their captors. Poor things! they have The man must live or die as he lay ! paid dearly for their first indiscretion.

THE New York Day-Book, speaking of the last great speech of Senator Douglas in the Senate, says :

We publish to-day the great speech of Hon. S. A. Douglas, in the Senate, on the 15th of March last, which sent such a thrill of joy throughout the whole country. It was the last speech he was ever to deliver in the Halls of Congress -it was, indeed, the last official act of his life. His subsequent endorsement of Mr. Lincoln's war proclamation will not weigh much with posterity. His unbiased judgment upon this war will be looked for in this speech, delivered under his solemn responsibilities as a United States Senator, and with a full realization of his duty to his orth. We believe it will yet be shown that every departure from the above speech was extorted from Mr. Douglas by overpowering influences —influences of a financial character— which for some time past bound him hand . and foot, and which the money-despots of this city did not fail to exercise when the occasion came. Like a chained giant, he chafed under the withes that bound him, and his spirit sought relief in flight to another sphere. But he has left on record, among the archives of the nation, these memorable and never-to-beforgotten words:

" Peace is the only policy that can save the country. Let peace be proclaimed as the policy, and you will find that a thrill of joy will animate the heart of every patriot in the land; confidence will be restored; business will be re-vived; joy will gladden every heart; bonfires will blaze upon the hill-tops and in the valleys, and the church bells will proclaim the glad tidings in every city, town and village in America, and the applause of a grateful people will greet you everywhere. Proclaim the policy of war, and there will be gloom and sadness and despair pictured upon the face of every patriot in the land. A war of kindred, family, and friends; father against son, mother against daughter, brother against brother, to subjugate one-half of this country into obedience to the other half; if you do not mean this, if you mean peace, let this be adopted, and give the President the opportunity, through the Secretary of War, to speak the word "PEACE;" and thirty million people will bless him with their prayers, and honor him with their shouts of joy."

THE GREAT WEST ON THE WAR .--The Iowa State Journal, the central organ of the Democracy of Iowa, comes out for peace, and resolutions to that effect have been introduced in the Iowa Legislature, now in session. A motion to lay them on the table was defeated by a vote of 18 ayes to 21 nays. In other portions of the West there are some indications of the great unpopularity of the war. Sam Medary, "the old war horse of the Democracy" in Ohio, is fighting his way against it, with the courage of a true soldier, for the right. In southern Illinois, it is said, many have gone South to join the Southern army. There are numerous indications that the West is by no means so unanimous for the war as the East.

HUMPHREY GRIFFITH, W. BOWIE. BOWIE & GRIFFITH, ATTORNEYS AT LAW Nos. 5 and 6 Read's Block, Sacramento, Cal.

dec-3tf

aug4-tf

H. H. HARTLEY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

North-west corner 2nd and J sts., Sacramento. jan1. tf

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Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Flour, Grain, California Produces, and General Merchandise, Brick store, 125 J street, one door west of 5th Sacramento. apl6-tf

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JAMES E. JOHNSON.

AVING established himself permanently h in Knight's Landing, invites all those who wishes anything in his line of business to give him a call. J. E. JOHNSON.

with a succint account of the difficulties he has had to encounter since he has been in office. He tells Congress that on the 4th of March, Fort Sumter was beseiged in such a manner, that reinforcements could not be thrown into it with a view of holding possession of the same with a force of less than 20,000 menthat such a force could not be raised and brought to the ground in time, and hence in a military point of view, the duty of the Administration was reduced to the mere matter of taking the garrison out of the fort. Notwithstanding this, he attempted to throw in provisions, when he was fully cognizant of the above facts according to his own admissions, and knew

that it would produce a collision. We are compelled to conclude, he desired that a collision should take place, and he gladly availed himself of the opportunity thus presented to make the Confederate forces strike the first blow ; for, be it remembered that at that very time and for weeks previous, Commissioners from the Confederate Government were in Washington seeking to bring about a peaceable solution of the difficulties, and that they had received assurances that Fort Sumter would be evacuated-that while they were there, resting satisfied that such would be the case, the Administration was fitting out armed vessels to send to Charleston for hostile purposes. Not only this, but it has been repeatedly charged without denial that to the British Crown, that all political an officer was sent by the Administration to Charleston for the ostensible purpose of bearing dispatches to Major Anderson, having for their object the evacuation of the fort-that this officer was permitted by Governor Pickens to visit Fort Sum- liances, establish commerce, and to do all ter under these assurances, and that he availed himself of this opportunity, as DENT STATES may of right do.' was afterwards ascertained by intercepted dispatches, to devise ways and means of reinforcing the fort.

Taking all the facts in connection it looks very much as though the attack on Sumter was purposely precipitated by the Administration for the purpose of raising a furor at the North, and thus enable it to prosecute the war.

Rights is perhaps the most remarkable part of his message. The theory that

Dr. South says : " The tale-hearer and | c'ty is that which you are going to visit tale-bearer should be hanged up together, | this fall ?

AN HONEST OLD MAID .- We have heard many stories told at the expense of old maids, but the following is decidedly class of unfortunates : At the timesome half a century ago-when Great Britain was threatened with invasion by Napoleon, great exertions were made to raise volunteers in every part of the kingdom. A person, calling on an honest Scotch maiden, rather mature in years, to solicit a subscription to aid in organizing and clothing a corps of young men to act in defense of their country, quated lassie's laconic reply : " Indeed, sir, I'll dae nae sich thing. I never gaen to raise men for King George !"

Old Francis, of Chestnut street, N. Y., was a wag, and once, in Washington, when early peas were on the table, he emptied the contents of his snuff-box over them. "Francis! Francis!" they exclaimed, "what are you about ?" " like them that way," was the answer. He, of course, had the dish to himself, and when he had concluded, exclaimed : "You thought it was snuff, did you? Nothing but black pepper."

A man falling down in a fit in the bar room of a well known sporting house in living and dying. A physician, who had been called in, was about to bleed the sufferer, when one of the parties to the wager interfered, saying that any action taken in the matter would effect the bets.

Anna to her beau.-Frederick, what

Fred.-If you have no objection I'm going to Have-Anna.



No advertisement of a political character will be published in the KNIGHT'S LANDING News unless paid for in advance.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor, J. R. MCCONNELL. For Lieutenant Governor, J. O'FARRELL. For Judge of Supreme Court, W. C. WALLACE. For Congress, D. O. SHATTUCK, H. P. BARBOUR. For Controller, S. H. BROOKS For Treasurer, THOMAS FINDLEY. For Attorney General, TOD ROBINSON. For Surveyor General. H. HIGLEY. For State Printer, M. B. CARR. For Clerk of Supreme Court, CHARLES S. FAIRFAX.

Yolo County Nominations.

For Senator. G. W. MCMURTRY. For County Judge, HUMPHREY GRIFFITH. For Assemblyman, A. H. WILLARD. For Sheriff. JAMES A. DOUGLAS. For Clerk. J. B. CHINN. For Treasurer, DAVID McGOWIN. For District Attorney, PRESLEY DUNLAP. For County Surveyor, WILLIAM MINNIS. For Assessor, W. W. HANNUM. For Superintendent Common Schools. M. A. WOODS. For Coroner, J. J. RACKERBY.

H. J. BIDLEMAN, Bookseller, Fourth street next to the Post Office, Sacramento, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions for the KNIGHT'S LANDING NEWS.

To OUR EXCHANGES .- Owing to a large increase in our subscription list, we have been compelled to issue a number of sheets with the outside blank, the outside form having been worked off before the list of new subscribers came to hand. All, therefore, who receive them will know the cause.

will commence operations on Monday coln and Cabinet in their war policy, are glad to see that reaction is already next. The machinery has been thor- which we confess we cannot construe taking place. From every Northern oughly overhauled, and all the new im- into any thing but an Abolition raid un- State accounts pour in of the scales fallprovements added. The can now make der false pretenses, you are aiding and ing from the eyes of the Democracy; the best flour with the greatest dispatch. abetting Abolitionism-if you oppose the they are beginning to make themselves Our community ought, indeed, to feel war, you oppose Abolitionism. We are heard, and as they constitute the element proud of the perfection to which Mr. sorry many good men and true have been which has brought our nation to its Gardner has brought these mills, for led away by the false cry of "sustain the greatness, so in the days of its darkest

SHOULD the army which is now invading the South succeed to the fullest extent in subjugating the seceded States and extending the sway of Black Republicanism over all of them, as fully as they now profess to desire, what would be the result? Do any of the Republican leaders or followers ever ask themselves this question ?

Our Government, as it was handed down to us by our Revolutionary sires, received all its just powers from the consent of the governed. Now, if one half of this Union should be governed against their will, by authority which is maintained by bayonets and a standing army, what is to become of our free government? It is obvious to the casual observer, that the cotton States will never, of their own free will, participate in the General Government as it is now administered, unless there are some guarantees given them other than they now have. The result is, therefore, they must either be ruled by an iron rod as a conquered province, or get these guarantees. Then, if, as we presume, one of these must be the ultimatum-and the Republicans deny they intend the former-if their professions are sincere, why don't they grant the only other alternative, and give them

just guarantees on the basis of the Crittenden Compromise, or any other just mento City on Tuesday last, we are adand equitable basis, rather than plunge us into this ungodly war, and waste and | die, after having faithfully done the biddestroy our substance, and involve not | ding of their lord master Lincoln. With only ourselves, but entail upon our posterity national bankruptcy, ruin and un- body was entirely ruled by blind fanatitold miseries. We acknowledge we can- cism. Lincoln was their God, and Abonot answer these questions at all satis- litionism their creed; and all they could factorily to ourselves. We are forced to do to blindly worship the one, by sycothe conclusion that there is an ulterior phancy and cringing, and by faithful admotive in this war, and that motive must | herence to the other, they have done. be as charged by the Southern press, the No voice of theirs was raised to save our abolition of slavery, and placing the ne- beloved country-no thought given our gro on an equality with the white man. poor suffering millions, who are out of We come to this conclusion more from employment because of this war-no the antecedents of Mr. Lincoln and his thought of the depressed trade, idle ship-Cabinet than from any other cause. Lin- ping, mercantile bankruptcy and national coln and Seward have both said and oft rain which is staring us in the facerepeated, that "slavery is a curse, and nothing but war, blood and carnage would must be put in a course of extiction ;" satisfy their bigotry, when there was a and Simon Cameron, when presiding prospect of freeing the negro, and enslavover an Abolition meeting in Ohio, said ing the poor white man, by placing them when he took the oath to support the all on an equality.

Constitution of the United States, "he The eyes of the conservative men of did so with a mental reservation, discard- the nation were vainly turned to this ing that clause which referred to the Congress, in hopes their was patriotism rendition of fugitives escaping from one enough even in the Republican party to State into another." In the face of all make an effort to avert the horrors of the SILKS, this record, we honestly ask how can present unholy conflict. But that hope men, professing to be Democrats, sup- has been dispelled. Darkness covers port by their influence this war policy ? the land, and gross darkness the minds The issue now is, Jeffersonian Democ- of our rulers, and there is no alternative racy or Abolitionism. There can be no but to await the slow, but inevitably sure, THE Eagle Flour Mills of this place medium grounds. If you support Lin- reaction in the minds of the masses. We their capacity is unsurpassed in the State. Government, the Union," etc., but we peril, we have an abiding faith they will HORSE RACE .- A race will come off hope they will get their eyes open to see rise, and by that voice which gave them which must, if persisted in, destroy the yet reconstruct our glorious Union on best government the sun ever shone on. the old principles of our fathers, love, SPEAKING LAST NIGHT .- Mr. Sargent, the Republican nominee for Con- exact justice to every section both North gress, addressed the citizens of this town day. We presume he made as good an From Mr. Caleb Davis, who has run a RUN AWAY .- Mr. Hazen's team ran effort as the cause would admit of. He steam tarashing machine in this neighbored and blundered along like a foun- (including engineer, etc.,) thrashed 3,300 dered horse-whenever he touched rough bushels of grain in twenty hours running ground, he showed he was tender-footed. time. He used less than three cords of He was followed by O. B. Powers, nomi- wood, and by means of a spark burner and seal this 24th day of July, 1861. nee of the Republicans for Senator. He and escape of steam into the chimney, had the good sense to acknowledge he no sparks ever escape, and there is no was no speaker, and his effort fully de- more danger of fire than with any other monstrated that fact. Mr. Hamblin, machine. The power is steadier and candidate for District Attorney on the smoother than horse power, and the ma-Union ticket closed, by saying he had "a chine can be set in less than one-half dead thing" on his election, and showed the time the ordinary horse powers can himself to let the benighted of this re- be. Mr. Divis is of opinion that steam gion see their future District Attorney. will entirely supersede horse power in he undertook to show why the Douglas thrashing grin in the localities where party did not unite with the Democrats grain is raised in quantities as it is in said declaration, acknowledged to me on exin this County, but failed; but we have the valleys. his assertion that they did unite with the in that body on any question. The in-dividual who originated this falsehood, getting the offices which he thinks they at La Porte, was destroyed by fire at that have a sure thing of-he may be right, but we doubt whether the Douglas party envy him any enjoyment he can derive as this individual member has, a mess of the State Treasury at the close of busipottage, which he may never get.

News of the Week.

The Pony arrived at Sacramento on Tuesday last bring dates to the 21st inst. The war news is important. The Confederate forces were attacken on the 18th at a point near Manassas, called Bull's Run. They, however, maintained their position, and, although the news received is up to the 21st, all we hear by this Pony was that fighting was still going on at this point, without giving any particulars. We would not be surprised to hear by the next Pony of a still further withdrewal of Southern troops; at all events, Beauregard is too shrewd an officer to make a material stand at Manassas unless all the chances are in his favor. The odds in numbers and munitions must be against him, and a wise general always bides his time; but as the South appears to keep her own secrets, we are in the dark as to when that time will come.

The news from Missouri is not of material interest. The Government forces have been successful, according to reports, in one or two skirmishes, but without material results. We hear nothing further from Ben. McCullough and his is the Democratic nominee for State Senator army

By the Pony which arrived at Sacravised that Congress had adjourned sine four or five honorable exceptions, that

unity and harmony, by doing equal and and South. THRASHING GRAIN BY STEAM .---

New Advertisements.

DEALERS IN IRON, STEEL, CUMBERLAND COAL AND BLACKSMITH TOOLS,

VAN WINKLE & DUNCAN,

Fourth Street, between I and J. Sacramento. aug3-tf

Independent Candidate FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY, of Yolo County,

I. W. JACOBS. aug3-td

Independent Candidate FOR SHERIFF, of Yolo County. JAMES L. COX.

aug3-td For State Senator.

O. B. POWERS, Editor of the Solano County Herald, is the Republican nominee for State Senator in the 17th Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Yolo and Solano.

For State Senator.

aug3-td

G. W. MCMURTRY

in the 17th Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Yolo and Solano. aug3-td

PREMIUM EAGLE STEAM FLOUR MILLS, Knight's Landing.

They undersigned would respectfully an-

nounce to the citizens of Yolo, Sutter and Colusa counties, that the above Mills are now in perfect running order, having added the latest improvements, and no expense has been spared to make it complete in every respect. The above Mills are in constant operation for the grinding of Wheat, Rye, Barley and Corn,

TO ORDER. FLOUR, MIDDLINGS, BRAN AND SHORTS

Always on hand at lowest prices. Z. GARDNER, Proprietor.

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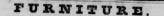
New Advertisements.

Jotice is hereby given, under The provisions of the Act of 16th April, 1859, that I will apply to the Register of the State Land Office, on the 28th day of August, 1861, for a patent upon the following describ-ed land, to-wit:-North-west Quarter of Sec-tion 4. Townshin 9 North tion 4, Township 9 North, Range 1 West, Mount Diablo Meridian.

D. TRACE. State of California, Yolo Co. aug3-4w

Notice is hereby given, under the provisions of the Act of 16th April, 1859, that I will apply to the Register of the State Land Office on the 28th day of August, 1861, for a patent upon the following describ-ed land, to-wit:-North-east Quarter of Section 5, Township 9 North, Range 1 West, Mount Diablo Meridian.

R. E. TUTT. aug3-4w





GRIMES & FELTON,

(Successors to JONAS G. CLARK & CO.) Importers, Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail dealars in every Description of

FURNITURE & BEDDING.

Persons about furnishing Hotels, Public Buildings, Steamboats or Private Houses, are respectfully invited to call and examine their large and complete stock of

GOODS.

Chairs and all kinds of Furniture knocked

down in Cases, and ready for transportation,

49 and 51

FOURTH STREET,

Next to the St. George Hotel. GRIMES & FELTON.

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Sacramento.

RANCH AND STOCK FOR SALE.

july6-1y-2dp

will sell my ranch of 160 acres, two will sell my ranch of 160 acres, the miles from Knight's Landing, one will be to the best improved in the county, will be thaving 375 fruit trees, 300 of which will be are been vines 100 of which next year; and 350 grape vines, 100 of which are bearing this year; also, some of the fruit trees. It is divided into three parts, exclusive of the garden, with red wood posts, plank and ditches, with rails on them, having stock water the year round, on two of the divisions, with all the necessary out buildings on a ranch. I am determined to sell, or trade my ranch and stock for grain, as I design leaving W. J. FRIERSON. the country july20-tf

R. H. CAMPBELL. J. B. IRVINE.

IRVINE & CAMPBELL, MANUFACTURERS OF

SODA SARSAPARILLA, Cacheville, Yolo County,

aving our own teams, we are prepared deliver our Sarsaparilla to any portion of the County.

All orders left with Koon & McClintock, at Knight's Landing, will be promptly attended june 29-tf

at Cacheville to day at two o'clock, in the case as it exists, and flee from a cousre the name of the "Unterrified," they will which the following horses will run: Peyton's, Adams', Tutt's, Cornell's and - "Wild Irishman." Distance, one mile-\$100 purse-\$25 entrance. They are mostly young horses, owned and raised by our farmers. Spirited times last evening on the political issues of the are anticipated.

away with him on Wednesday last, on advocated the old Repub. "higher law" borhood this season, we learn that it has the opposite side of the river, in Sutter doctrine-said "there was a higher law in every respect come up to his expectacounty. He had on twelve stand of bees than the Constitution," and illustrated tions, and the following is a description at the time. The team finally ran into a this doctrine by saying that "if a man of capability and saving over horse power: ditch, tipping over the wagon, making a held a stiletto to his throat, was he to The horses are nearly all dispensed with, grand smash generally - the pile con- stand passively and be slain, or take the making a saving of at least four horses. sisted of horses, driver, bees, honey and law in his own hands ?" We presume It requires the same number of hands as splinters. The horses were not materi- this was his excuse for the unconstitu- horse power, and Mr. Davis, with his ally injured, and the driver got off very tional acts of Lincoln. In fact, he la- machine and seventeen hands all told, well considering.

WE learned yesterday morning, that there was a report in circulation in this place and in other portions of the county, that there was a resolution offered in the late Democratic State Convention which reassembled in Sacramento on the 23d ult., to remove the United States flag from the building in which the Convention was sitting, and that we voted for the resolution. Now, this whole thing is false, from beginning to end. In the first place, there was no such resolution offered; and in the second place, we were not a delegate to said Convention-had no right to a vote there, and did not vote and put it afloat, is welcome to all the comfort it can afford him. We do not will sell themselves in a body as cheap from it.

place, but was partially insured.

STATE TREASURY .- The amount in ness on Saturday, was \$147,055 72.

FALL IMPORTATIONS. 83 J street, between 3d and 4th, Sacramento.

Assignee's Sale.

County Court Colusa County. John C. Daniels vs. his creditors. ve named insolvent having assigned and delivered to me, duly appointed Assignee by said Court, all of his property, real, personal and mixed, not exempt from execution, notice is hereby giaen, that on the 20th day of August, 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the ranch of said insolvent, one mile below Colusa, shall proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property belonging to said insolvent, to wit: seven shouts. Dated July 20, 1861. GEORGE F. JONES, Assignee.

aug3-3t

aug3-tf

State of California, Colusa County, ss. Know all men by these presents, that I Marietta Hunter, wife of D. D. Hunter, residing in said county and State, do here v declare and make known my intention to carry on business on my own account and in my own name as sole trader, in pursuance of an Act of the Legislature of the State of Califor-nia, entitled "An Act to authorize married women to transact business in their own name as sole traders," approved April 12th, 1852. And I further declare that said business will be farming, ranching and dealing in stock, buying, raising and selling cattle, hogs, sheep and poultry, in the county of Colusa, and th i the amount of capital invested in this business does not exceed five thousand dollars. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand MARIETTA HUNTER, (seal.)

State of Galifornia, County of Colusa, ss. On this 24th day of July, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, before me, W. F. Goad, Glerk in and for said county, personally appeared Marietta Hunter, wife of D. D. Hunter, personally known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing declaration, and acknowledged to me that she executed the same freely and voluntarily, and for the uses and purposes there-in mentioned. And the said Marietta Hunter, wife of the said D. D. Hunter, having been by me first made acquainted with the contents of amination, apart from and without the hearing of her husbund, that she executed the same freely and voluntarily without fear or compulsion, or undue influence of her hus-band, and that she did not wish to retract the execution of the same.

In witness whereof, I have here-SEAL. unto set my hand and affixed my official seal, the day and year first ove written. WM. F. GOAD, above written. ang3-3t Gounty Clerk.

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE. MITCHEN FURNITURE.

AND ALL KINDS OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHING GOODS. No. 204 J Street, bet 7th and Sth.

Sacramento.

All Goods sold CHEAPER than at any other lace in Sacramento. Jobbing and repairing. Spring and Hair Mattresses of the best kinds, made to order. ap127-3m

C. C. WARNER & CO.,

At Old Stand, Corner Ninth and J streets, Sacramento.

> DEALERS IN Groceries and Provisions,

and all kinds of California Produce. Butter, eggs and cheese bought at the highest prices, or will be received on commission. Consign-ments solicited We are also extensive dealers in CALIFOBNIA HONEY. Choice Dairy Salt constantly on hand.

All orders or consignments will meet with prompt attention.

C. C. WARNER & CO., Corner J and Ninth Streets, Sacramento. june29-3m

BAKER & HAMILTON, Importers and Dealers in FARMING IMPLEMENTS AND MA-CHINES, J street, between Front and 2d. Sacramento.

Viz: threshing, reaping and mowing machines; norse hay rakes, cast and steel plows, plow castings, cultivators, harrows, harrow teeth, churns, cheese presses, grain cradles, seed sowers, corn planters, corn shellers, hoes, horse hoes, shovels, spades and trowels, gar-den shears, reels and lines, garden rakes, straw cutters, sugar mills, fan mille, hay and manure forks, hay knives, axe', hatchets, axhandles, sickles, scythes, snaths, bush scythes, read scrapers, grind stones, wheel barrows. sausage cutters and stuffers, ox yokes and bows, patent bow pins, budding and pruning knives, well wheels and buckets, etc., etc.

Field, Grass, Herb, Flower and Garden seeds,

ALSO,

A large portion of which are imported by Express, and selected by experienced Seeds men in the East, packed in hermetically sealed cases, and guaranteed ..

Hand and horse hay presses made to order. july27-!f

color ment upon point as th subje one e have Ye the S is far can e monal ever t heard tion" or du Ameri monar claime " Inde had th crown objecti on the Southe They at district pire. Indepen and so system-United fundam bellion a people.

Dublin Nation will be read with interest. It is a plain, forcible article, and shows clearly the position we occupy in the eyes our readers for a careful perusal.

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The Fratricidal War.

[From the Dublin Nation.]

As the news from America flows in, the language of the Northerners and of their journals tend more and more to disgust and outrage all who hold the sacred them weep in poignant mortification and deep despair. Well may we despair of popular liberty in presence of the sight the world sees to-day. A republican people, whose liberties were won by a rebellion, whose independence was achieved by a secession, parrot as glibly as any minions of old world tyranny, "the rebels" and "the rebellion" as phrases of odium and reproach ! Those who profess to hold sacred the popular will, to reverence the desire for self government, proceeded to drown the popular will in blood, and to answer the desire for self government by butchery and slaughter !

If what is now passing in America took place in any of the Old World empires, it would be at least intelligible. If the citizens of nearly half of an empire five times as large as all Europe, with a unanimity never surpassed, and rarely equaled, declared, by free poll, in open day, by universal suffrage, that their interests and their feelings demanded the substitution of the Imperial Government by one of their own choice, and that the Imperial Government marched its armies to crush the demand in the blood of the "rebels," it would be nothing new amongst despotie systems. But in a great confederation of republican states, in a system based on the will of the people-based on the right of rebellion-that all this should happen that we now see-that no tyranny or despotism of Old Europe ever drew the sword more savagely to put down "rebellion," and trample on the voice of the people, than this same Central Government of a republican confederation-it is enough to wring the heart of any man who believed in the greater humanity and toleration of popular governments. Well may the advocates of despotic monarchy laugh in bitter mockery at those who believe that a people ruling themselves would never spill blood in popular subjugation, and that such murders were done only by kings and despots of Old Europe !

It is a hideous sarcasm on republicanism to hear the journals of the Northern States yelling for the blood of "the rebels" -for their utter subjugation and destruction ! "We mean to conquer them," says a Republican journal in New York -- "not merely to defeat but to conquer, to subjugate them. But when the rebellious traitors are overwhelmed in the field and scattered like leaves before the angry wind, it must not be to return to peaceful and contented homes. They must find State. poverty at their firesides, and see privation in the anxious eyes of mothers and the rags of children." Was ever more hellish sentiment uttered! Where, in New Goods !!! New Goods !!! the annals of despotism, or the records of its butcheries, shall we seek for a par-allel to this! Where — even against rebels who had not a particle of justification ! If the subjects of the most legitimate sovereign that ever held a scepter had acted as the Southern States have with the LABGEST and BEST SELECTED done, would these seatiments not be in- STOCK of famies if uttered on his part? Yet infamy of infamies are they when uttered by republicans against brother republicans-uttered by the descendents of the rebels of '76, against mcn who, with far greater unanimity, now demand the selfsame right those rebels claimed-self government. We shall be told the South had no right to secede; therefore war upon it is justifiable. When England made war on her rebellious American colonies, she said they had no right to "secede," and that, therefore, that war was justifiable. We shall be told the South can exhibit no wrongs to justify rebellion. The same was held by those who sought to crush the colonies in their struggle for self government. But why should we be called upon by Republicans to consider these points at all? Have we not been told, as the Republican principle, that the subjects of a State, themselves, and no have Selected their Stock with special reference one else, are to be judges whether they to the wants of their numerous Customers, have provocation, justification, or right ! Yet, let us consider that the case of the South, as regards its right to secede, is far stronger than was that of the Ameri- Farmers and Mechanics, Cheaper than they can colonies to rebel. Under the old monarchical systems no such right was San Francisco. ever tolerated-no such principles ever heard of-as "the voice of the population" determining the justice, legitimacy, or duration of a Government. The American colonies originated under that monarchical system. They had never claimed or possessed the attributes of "Independent Sovereign States;" nor had their connection with the English crown originated in a compact having for object mutual benefit and defense. What, CASH, on the other hand, is the position of the Southern States in the present case? They are not mere colonies, counties or districts of any state, kingdom. or empire. They are a number of "Sovereign Independent States ;" so styled in law and so proved in fact. Their political system-the political system of the whole United States of America is based on the fundamental principle of the right of rebellion determinable by the voice of the people. These several Independent Sove-

The following article taken from the reign States, of their own free choosing, and for the purpose of their own and the common welfare, interests, and protec-tion, federated with certain others to this end. A number of these States declare of Foreign Powers. We commend it to that faith has not been kept with them in the compact of confederation, and that the cause and purpose of their federal association with certain others no longer urge its continuance, but on the contrary demand its termination. Whether they possess the right to so terminate the conthe deed of union. This silence is claimed faith of human freedom, and to make by each side in the quarrel as favorable to its own case. Upon which side the construction may be said to weigh, is, no doubt, a nice and intricate question for political doctrinaires and hair-splitting controversialists. But what we have to say is this, that it is something more than mournful, it is monstrous, it is an outrage and a disgrace to humanity, that, on a point which may be ruled either way, the shocking spectacle must be seen of torrents of blood been made to flow in the conquest-the subjugation of those independent States, who merely ask for self government and freedom to decide their own destinies! We say it would be deplorable even if those Southern States were mere colonies or outlying districts of a despotic empire. We say that in the face of such a unanimous determination for secession-right or wrong, according to construction of constitu-

tional technicalities-this bloody war to force union on the Southern peple at the point of the sword-to sabre them into brotherhood, and dragoon them into "liberty ! "-is a blot upon humanity. We cannot pause to weigh the niceties of the rival constructions of the silence of the deed of union with reference to the right of secession. We turn in disgust from all this, denying that the proof at best can be plain enough to reconcile us to Semi-Annual Report of he this butchery-butchery to be done, let us remember, not by kings, autocrats, or tyrants, but by republicans, advocates of popular liberty-themselves the offspring rebellion ! We have often enough and clearly enough declared our anxiety that the great Republic of America might be saved from dismemberment; but far lar liberty-that it may be saved from the terrible crime of forcing its federal embrace upon any State at the expense of ruthless slaughter by fire and sword.

BIRTHS. In Knight's Landing, August 2, the wife of

Hugh Eastham, of a daughter.

BRICK YARD AT

Knight's Landing.

ISAAC CULP. **D**ESPECTFULLY calls the attention of the Public in Yolo, Sutter and Colusa coun-ties, that he can supply on the most reasonable terms any quantity of Brick, and at the shortest notice, the quality is second to none in the mar9-tf

NEW GOODS!

LEGAL NOTIC

Insolvent Not.

IN the District Gourt of the venth Judi-cial District, in and for Gounty of Yolo, of the State of Californian the matter of the Petition of John T. Han insolvent debter. Pursuant to an order the Hon. B. F. Myres, Judge of said Districturt, notice is hereby given to all the credit of said Insolvent, John T. Hall, to be andpear before the Hon. B. F. Myres aforesaid, ppen court, at the Court room of said Court the town of Washington, in said Yolo city, on the nection, is neither asserted nor denied by 12th day of August, 1861, at 10 clock, A.M. of that day, then and there to sw cause, if any they can, why the prayer of d insolvent should not be granted, and an ignment of his estate be made, and he be diarged from all his debts and liabilities, androm every judicial proceeding relative thes, in pursu-ance of law in such case made 1 provided ; and in the meantime all proceeds against said insolvent be stayed.

SEAL. SEAL. Witness my hand a the seal of said Court, this 10thay of July, 1861. J. T. D.Y, Glerk. G. R. Moore, Att'y for Petitior. uly13-5t*

State of California, unty Court in and for Courty of Yolo Charles E. Greene vs. his crediors. In thatter of the Petition of Charles E. Greencan insolvent deotor. Pursuant to an ordeof the Hon. Isaac Davis Indee of the sciller of the Isaac Davis, Judge of the saidounty Court, notice is hereby given to all tl creditors of the said insolvent to be and aper before the Hon. Isaac Davis aforesaid, a chambers at the Court room of said Court, n he town of Washington, county of Yolo, apreaid, on the 22d day of August, 2. D. 1861 at 0 o'clock, A. M. of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prace of the said insolvent should not be grante, and an assignment of his estate be made, at he be discharged from his lebts and liabities, in pursuance of the statute in such cay made and provided ; and in the mean time ill proceedings against said insolvent be stayd. SEAL. of said Court, this 16th day July, Winans & Hyer, Att'ys for Petitioner july20-5w

Public Administrator.

Statement of the condition of estates ofde

Estate of Joseph Long, deceased.

Estate not settled.	
and the second second	
Estate of William Mac	hav decoured

Cash received......\$393 Amount disbursed 257 7

Balance on hand \$135 7 Estate not settled.

Estate of James T. Miller, deceased.

matters therein set forth. J. W. BALDWIN, Public Administrator

Yolo County. Subscribed and sworn to before me 10th day of July, 1861. J. T. DALY, Probate Clerk. LEGAL NOTICES.

K NOW all m⁻n by these presents, that I, Ellen Reynolds, wife of Thomas Harris Reynolds, residing in the town of Knight's Landing, county of Yolo, and State of California, do hereby declare and make known my intention to carry on business on my own account, and in my own name, as sole trader, in pursuance of an Act of the Legislature of California entitled "An Act to authorize married women to transact business in their own names as sole traders," approved April 12th, 1852. And I further declare that said business will be keeping and carrying on a Livery Stable at the said town of Knight Unding, Yolo coun-ty, and that the amouat invested in said busi-ness is less than five thousand dollars. ELLEN REYNOLDS.

State of California, county of Yolo. On this 18th day of July, A. D. 1861, personally came and appeared before me, J. T. Daly, County Clerk in and for the county and State aforesaid, Mrs. Ellen Reynolds, wife of Thomas Harris Reynolds, who is personally known to me to be the same person who is described in, and who executed the within instrument, and who, having been first by me made acquainted with the contents thereof, acknowledged to me on an examination separate and apart from and out of the hearing of her said husband, that she executed the same freely and voluntarily, and for the uses and purposes therein named, without fear or compulsion or undue influence of her said husband, and that she does not wish to retract the same. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and official seal as SEAL. Clerk of the said county of Yolo, , this 18th day of July, 1861. J. T. DALY, Clerk.

julv20-3t

Summons.

By Order of the County Judge. In the District Court of the 11th junicial dis-L trict, of the State of Galifornia, in and for the County of Yolo. The People of the State of Galifornia, to Mary P. McKinney, greeting : You are hereby summoned to answer the cor plaint of E. F. McKinney, in said Court, filed against you, within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if vice, in an action commenced on the tenth day of June, 1861, in said Court, in an action of ceased persons in the hands of the Tune Administrator, at the July term of the io-bate Court, in and for Yolo County, ad State of California. ceased persons in the hands of the Palic | divorce; wherein Plaintiff prays the Gourt for and further relief. And you are hereby noti-fied that if you fail to answer the complaint as directed, Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded hersin. In testimony whereof, I, J T. Daly, Clerk of the Eleventh Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and impress the Seal of said SEAL 24th day of June, A. D. 1861. J. T. DALY, Clerk. june 29-3m*

SUMMONS.

State of California, County of Sutter, S ss. In the District Gourt of the Tenth Judicial District, for said Gounty and State. The People of the State of Galifornia, to Ebe-served within this county; or, if served out of J. W. Baldwin being duly sworn, says on oath that the within is a true account of all estates that have come to his hands, and of all matters therein set forth. an action commenced on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1861, in said Court. The said action is brough to obtain a judgment against the defendant Ebenezer Jones for the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars, with legal interest on one thousand dollars of that amount from the 21st day of May, 1861, together with the costs of this action; also, to obtain a deof foreclosure of the mortgage, and sale of the mortgaged premises particularly described in the plaintiff's complaint, and the application of the proceeds of sale to the pay-ment of the costs of sale, costs of this action and of the plaintiff's demand; and that the said defendant be barred and foreclosed of all right, claim or equity of redemption in the said mortgaged premises, and every part and parcel thereof; that for any balance remaining unpaid after such application, execution may issue against said defendant Ebenezer Jones. And you are hereby notified that, if you fail to answer the complaint as above directed, plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded therein - In witness whereof. I hereunto set SEAL. my hand and affix the seal of said this 26th day of June, A. D. 1861. C. E. WILCOXON, Clerk.

THE UNION RESTORED!

AND THE

Patriot's Heart Made Glad!

By the subscribers receiving from the cities of

San Francisco and Sacramento, A very large, carefully selected and most va-

ried assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Ladies' Bonnets, Trimmed and

Untrimmed. Ladie's and Children's and Gentlemen's Hats. Ladies' and Child-

ren's Dress Goods. Gentlemen's and Boys'

CLOTHING,

SHOES, BOOTS, HATS,

Gaiters and Slippers,

of all kinds, together with a fine assortment of QUEEN'S-WARE, YARCER GULTH HARD-WARE,

CROCKERY,

TIN-WARE, CLOCKS.

> WHIP STALKS, WHIPS, AND LASHES.

And a full assortment of

GROCERIES.

Our goods were bought when the stocks in San Francisco were very large and complete, and before the rise in prices; an we extend served on you in this county, but if served on you without said county, then in forty days from such service, exclusive of the day of ser-We take this occasion to return thanks for past favors, and to solicit a continuance of the same; and to call upon those knowing themselves indebted to us to make payment at once for "we must have money." Grain and flour sacks made and kept on

hand for sale. Country produce taken in ex-change for goods, and money not refused.

J. & J. W. BALDWIN,

Knight's Landing, May 12, 1860. junel-tf

S. R. SMITH,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

Front Street, Knight's Landing.

THE subscriber having made large addi-tions to his business, is now prepared to do all kinds of work, such as

Cabinet Making,

Paper Hanging,

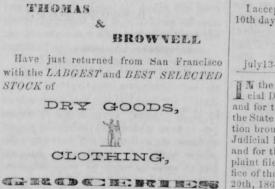
Painting and Glazing.

-ALSO-

Houses Built and Removed. All kinds of Farmers' Machinery Repaired, and general Jobbing done at the shortest notice. SAM. R. SMITH.

N. B.—Coffins of every de-scription made to order on the shortest notice.

All Orders from the Country Promptly attended to.



CAPS,

HARDWARE,

HATS,

BOOTS AND



Ever offered for sale in Yolo county. They and now Offer them at

Wholesale or Retail,

Every Article in General Use by Families, can be obtained at any other store this side of

WHEAT, BARLEY, BUTTER, HAMS, BACON AND

Taken in Exchange for Goods.

CALL AND EXAMINE

Our Stock and Prices Before

Purchasing Elsewhere.

THOMAS & BROWNELL.

Knight's Landing, January 19, 1861. june22-tf I accept and approve the above report 10th day of July, 1861. ISAAC DAVIS. Probate Judge Yolo County, Cal. july13-6w.

I N the District Court of the Fifteenth Juli-cial District, of the State of Galifornia in and for the county of Colusa. The people of the State of California vs. C. D Poston. Action brought in the District Gourt of the 5th Judicial District of the State of Californi, in and for the county of Colusa, and the omplaint filed i 1 said county of Co'usa, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court June 20th, 1861. The People of the State of Cali-fornia, send greeting to C. D. Poston, dfend-ant: You are hereby required to appearin an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the District Court of the Fifteenth Judical District of the State o California, in and for the county of Colusa, and to answer the complaint filed therein, (a lopy of which accompanies this summons) within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service,) after the service on you of this summons-fserved within this county; or,' if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days; or if served on of said District, then within forty days-or udgment by default will be taken against vot. according to the prayer of the said complant. The said action is brought to obtain a judgment against you for the sum of four hundred and seventy-four dollars State and county taxes for the fiscal year ending March, A. D. 1861, and for thirty per cent. per centage and Dis-trict Attorney's fees, all of which is fully set forth in plaintiff's complaint nov on file in the Clerk's office, and which you are particularly referred to. And you are hireby notified, that if you fail to appear and inswer the said complaint as above required, the said pl intiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in his said complaint, and for costs of suit. Given under my hand and the seal of SEAL. } Judicial District of the State of ---- Galifornia in and for the county of Colusa, this 11th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one. W. F. GOAD, Clerk. EGGS, sixty-one. H. A. Lease, Plff's Att'y. july20-3m

Terms of the Courts of Sutter County.

District Court-Hon. S. M. Bliss, judge, 2nd Monday in March, June, 'September and December. h

Court of Sessions-Hon. Phil Keyser, judge, associates, M. C. Clarke and A. S. Long, 1st Monday in January, April, July and Oct. Probate Court-Hon. Phil. Keyser, judge, 4th Monday in each month.

Board of Supervisors-J. Mathews, chairman, Frank F. Gaar and George W. Smith, 1st Monday in February, May, August and November

Sheriff, Saml. E. Lennard-County Clerk, C. E. Wilcoxson.

By S. J. STABLER, Dep Clerk. J. G. Treadway, of Colusa, Pl'ff's Att'y. july13-3m

Dissolution of Partnership.

tween the undersigned, under the name of Wm. G. Spencer & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. July 13th, 1861 WM. G. SPENCER.

PETER POGE. july20-3t

\$1,000 REWARD.

The Surcties of William N. BROOKS, County Treasurer of Yolo nty, hereb offer a reward of One Thousand Dollars for the arrest and convi the party or parties who robbed said Treas-urer's tafe at Cacheville, Yolo county, on Sunday evening, April 14th, 1861, or a proportionate reward for information which may lead to the discovery of the perpetrator of the robbery, or the recovery o' the funds.

The names of the party offering this reward can be had at the Union office, Sacramento. apl27-tf

Z. GARDNER. LUMBER & COMMISSION MERCHANT, Corner of Front and O Streets,

Sacramento.

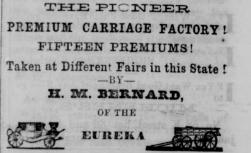
IMPORTER OF

Building Hardware, Doors, Blinds, Windows,

And every variety or

BUILDING LUMBER,

Constantly on Hand, and at the Lowest Prices. Oorers received at the Eagle Steam Flour Mills, corner of Front and Mill streets, Knight's Landing. jan5-6m



CARRIAGE FACTORY.

AS constantly on hand all kinds of Car-H riages, wagons, top buggies, open bug-gies, Concord buggies, fine Rockaways for one and two horses, fine Family Garriages, Slide Seat Carriages, Barouches, Sulkies, Two and Four horse Wagons, Express Wagons, Thorough Braced Wagons of all kinds. This establishment has taken the First Pre-

mium at the State Fair in Stockton, Two First Class Premiums at Marysville, First Class Premium at the Mechanics' Fair San Fran-cisco, and Five First Class Premiums at our late Fair at Sacramento.

H. M. BERNARD, Corner Sixth and L streets, Sacramento.

N. B .- All kind of work done to order. Orders from the country solicited-prompt attention paid to Repairing, Painting and Trim-Please give me a call before going ming. elsewhere. H. M. B. may11-tf

New Arrangement.

CALIFORNIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

AFF

The fast and splendid steamers

Chrysopolis and Antelope

Will leave on alternate days for SAN FRAN-CISCO at 2 o'clock, p.m., from foot of K street, Sacramento.

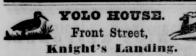
For MARYSVILLE and intermediate landings EVERY DAY.

Until further notice, for

Knight's Landing, Colusa, Tehama and Red Bluff.

The fine steamer SWAN, Captain Rogens, leaves Sacramento, every Saturday morning, at seven o'clock, and the fine steamer SAM SOULE, Captain PIERCE, leaves Sacramento. every Wednesday morning, at seven o'clock, for the above places. Returning from Red Bluff every Saturday and Tuesday.

A. REDINGTON, Agents, W. H. TAYLOR, Sacramento. S. W. RAVELEY, Agent, Knight's Landing. june15



JOHN KOON and JAMES McCLINTOCK have leased the above house, and they would now respectfully announce to their friends and the traveling public that they will always be prepared to accommodate the traveling community and regular boarders in the very best style.

THE TABLE

will be furnished with the very best the mar-ket can possibly afford, while the

Lodging Department,

being thoroughly renovated, is fitted up in a style unsurpassed by any hotel in the State. Attached is a

BAR.

in which will be kept the very best wines, liquors and cigars that can be had in the market; also, one of the finest Billiard Tables in the county. There are a'so attached, large, commodious STABLES, CORRALS, ETC. No pains will be spared to make this one of the most comfortable, quiet and pleasant

houses in the country. apl27 KOON & McCLINTOCK.



Front street, Knight's Landing.

G. SEELY respectfully announces • to his numerous friends and the trav-eling public that he has opened the above beautiful and commodious Hotel in the town of Knight's Landing. He is always prepared to accommodate transient visitors and permanent boarders in the best manner.

The TABLE is supplied with the best the market affords, while

The LODGING DEPARTMENT is fitted up in the most comfortable style, everything being ENTIRELY NEW. There is also a BAR, which has in it a choice selection of the best WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS. Special pains will be taken to make this

one of the most quiet, comfortable and pleasant houses in the State. mar16-tf.

ST. GEORGE HOTEL.

ON FOURTH STREET,

Between J and Kistreets,

Sacramento City.

J. R. HARDENBERGH, } Proprietors. J. B. DAYTON, mar23-tf.

Butcher Shop, KNIGHT'S LANDING.

HAVING established ourselves in the above business at this place, we solicit the patronage of the citizens of this vicinity, and all others who may deem it proper to patronize us. Those living at a distance and immediately upon the stage road, will find it to their advangtage to send in their orders to be filled by us, as we will send Beef free of charge by the stage. Our wagon runs regularly through the various portions of the county with Beef, Mutton &c.

All orders promptly attended to. GLASCOCK, HERSHEY & GLASCOCK. Knight's Landing, Dec. 31, 1859.

apl6-tf

MATTRESS FACTORY, 68 K Street.

T F You Want a Good Spring Bed, go to MICHENER'S, 68 K street. FYou Want a Good Hair Mattress, go to

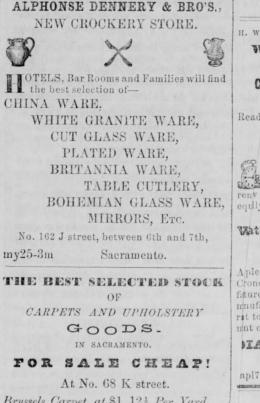
Castings and Machinery, of every description, Steamboat and Quartz Machinery constructed, fitted up or repaired. All kinds of Building Castings; Saw, Grist, Malt and Bark Mills; Horse Power and Car Wheels. All orders filled promptly, and at as low rates as any establishment here or in San Francisco. jy6-tf OWSTEAD & CO. PAINT, OIL, WINDOW GLASS, AND WALL PAPER DEPOT. FREDERICHS & HREBS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, Wall Paper, Window Shades, Gilt Mouldings, Looking order. Glass Plates, Artists' and Painters' Materials, Etc., No. 186 J Street, Between Sixth and Seventh streets, Sacramento. Pictures Framed to Order. notice. N. B .- Mr. Fredericks having recently been to the East has made arrangements for shipto. ments by every steamer, which enables us to fill all Orders on the Shortest Notice. Orders from the Country Promptly attended dec8-tf

HARDWARE, ETC.

UNION IRON & BRASS FOUNDRY

JACOB WELTY.

JAS. BOWSTEAD.



Brussels Carpet, at \$1 121 Per Yard. Ingrain Carpet, Cheap. Window Shades, 25 cents. Oil Cloths, All Descriptions, Cheap. Cornices of Every Variety. Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains. Notice.

Persons wanting anything in the House Furnishing line would do well to call before, purchasing elsewhere, at

MICHENER'S, No. 68 K street. MISCELLAOUS ADVERTISING.

Patronizedome Industry !!

Capraia Marble.

A ND MACHINE SHOP, Front street bet. A N and O, Sacramento. Having In Awarded the First Prizes at Two Last State Fairs for Monumental k, we would respectfully call Steam Engines and Boilers built to order; Particular Attion to our Specimens of alifornia Marb and Workmanship now on hand. It is (Best Marble ever found in the United Statend is not excelled in Europe, for general poses. It is free from flint or iron, more coact, of finer texture. and susceptible of aigh a polish as the best Italian. As we arry our own Marble, and are Practical wonen in it, we can furnish any-thing in ouine CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

And as Goas the Best! To satisfy yourselves of thest, please call at our

Premium'ioneer Marble Works, No. 1(K stfeet, Sacramento. A. AITKEN & CO. Sculpture & Ornamental Work done to

apl7-tf

P. J. EVINE & BRO., PREMIU MARBLE WORKS,

K STREET, BETEEN SIXTE AND SEVENTH ST.

acramento. StCULPTURIBusts, Satues, Monuments, Tombs andrave States, Mantle-pieces, Table and outer Tops, cc., &c., constantly on hand, or made to order at the shortest

Orders from the country promptly attended N. B.-I J. I. & Bro. ave received Diplo

mas and fold Medals at the several State Fairs androm the Mechanics' Institute. j7-tf

JEWELRY, ETC. H. WACHORST. F. DENVEL WAIHIORST & DENVER. anufacturers and Repairers of

CHONOMETERS AND WATCHES, No. 59 J street,

Read'Block, between Second and Third sts.,)pposite D. O. Mills & Co.'s Bank,

SACRAMENTO.

We are now prepared to make new Pieces in Chronometers or Watches having the necessary and Workmen to env any part of a Chronometer or Watch, equily as good as the original.

Watches manufactured & repaired

Always on Hand

Aplendid Assortment of English and Swiss Fonometers and Watches, expressly manufatured for our House, at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent above mufacturers prices, which we strictly war-rat to keep time. Also, a very full assort-

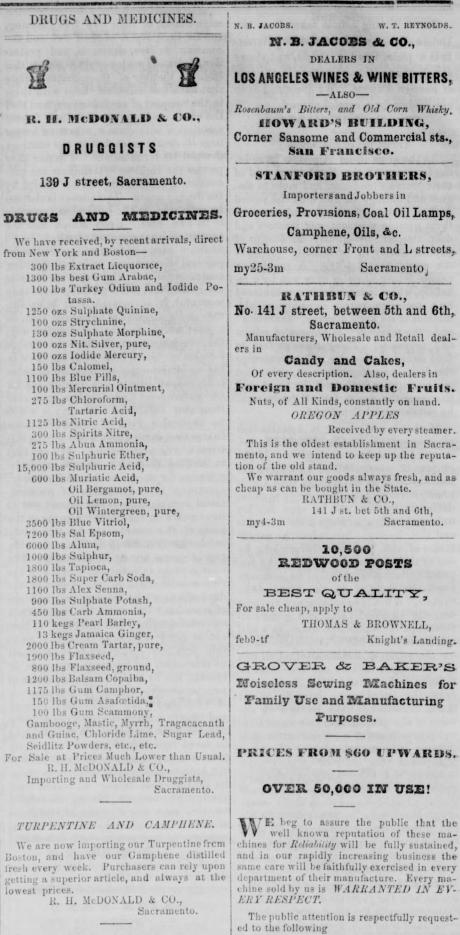
IAMONDS and JEWELRY.

apl7-6m

CHOICE WINES AND BRANDIES.

FINE OLD BRANDIES. Paper Hangings at All Prices. Houses Clothed and Papered at Short arge and well selected stock, which will be old at the very lowest market rates. McWilliams & Co., 46 and 48 K street.

COGNAC. 50 EIGHTH (1) casks "Jules Duret," in double packages.



Card from the Grover & Baker S, M. Company.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with sewing machines making the Grover & Baker stitch, must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are au-thorized to sell them. All machines sewing from two spools and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will are A full supply on hand, a prices to suit the infringements.

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.

1900 gallens Linseed Oil, in tins, 1400 gallons Turpentine, in tins, 1200 lbs Parish Green, in oil; American

Paints, Oils and Varnish.

Sacramento.

A Card from Elias Howe, Jr. All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any sewing machines which sew

PRICES FROM \$60 UPWARDS. OVER 50,000 IN USE! WE beg to assure the public that the well known reputation of these ma-chines for *Reliability* will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every

Sacramento.

Knight's Landing.

W. T. REYNOLDS.

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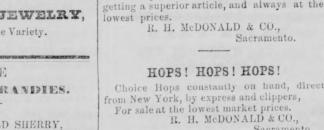
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In the most Minute Variety.

GINE OLD PORT, FINE OLD SHERRY

